

Name: _____ **Date:** _____



Go for a Fact Hunt around the classroom to help you answer these questions.

1. Kenya's money is called shillings.

True ☐ False ☐

2. Swahili is the only language spoken in Kenya.

True ☐ False ☐

3. Farmers sell things they grow at markets.

True ☐ False ☐

4. There are no farmers in Kenya.

True ☐ False ☐

5. Everyone is rich in Kenya.

True ☐ False ☐

6. Some houses in villages are made of mud.

True ☐ False ☐

7. Meat is not expensive in Kenya.

True ☐ False ☐

8. The Maasai have a dance called warrior jumping.

True ☐ False ☐

9. Kenyans only wear dark clothes.

True ☐ False ☐

10. Kenyans like to sing and dance.

True ☐ False ☐

11. Kenya has a president.

True ☐ False ☐

12. Some people in Kenya do not have electricity.

True ☐ False ☐

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Go for a Fact Hunt around the classroom to help you answer these questions.



1. What is the money called in Kenya?

2. What is the capital city of Kenya?

3. What is the main language spoken in Kenya?

4. How do you write 'hello' in Swahili?

5. Do rich people or poor people live in a shanty town?

6. How do most people earn money in Kenya?

7. Where would you find a mud hut?

8. What do children study at school?

9. Why can some children not go to school?

10. Is meat cheap or expensive in Kenya?

11. What do traditional and modern Kenyans like to wear?

12. What colours are in the Kenyan flag?

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Go for a Fact Hunt around the classroom to help you answer these questions.

1. What is the money called in Kenya?

2. What is the capital city of Kenya?

3. What is the main language spoken in Kenya?

4. How do you write 'please' in Swahili?

5. Is a shanty town near a city or in the countryside?

6. What do farmers sell to earn money in Kenya?

7. What do many people in villages live in?

8. What do children study at school?

9. Why can some children not go to school?

10. What do people eat a lot of in Kenya?

11. Do Maasai people live in a modern or a traditional way?

12. Why might it be difficult living in the country?



We have pounds and pence but Kenyan money is called shillings.



The capital city of Kenya is Nairobi. It is the biggest city in Kenya.

English	Swahili
Hello	Jambo
Goodbye	Kwa heri
How are you?	Habari?
Please	Tafadhali
Thank you	Asante

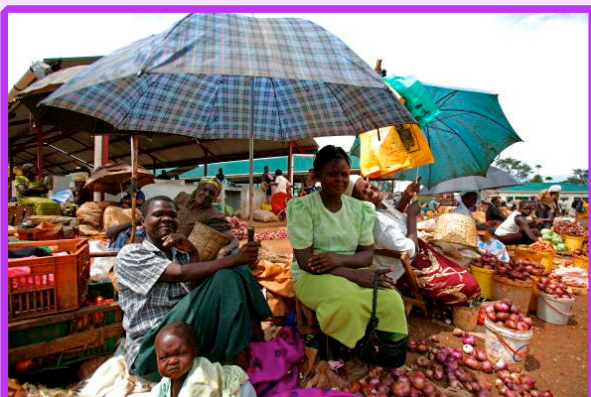
People speak lots of different languages in Kenya but the most common is Swahili.



Outside of the busy cities are shanty towns. These are very poor places.



Most people in Kenya earn a living through farming. They grow crops and raise animals.



Farmers sell what they grow at local markets.



Many people live in small villages in the country. They live in mud huts.



Many people are poor in Kenya, especially in the country.



Some children in Kenya can't go to school because their families are too poor.



Children in Kenya learn reading, writing, maths and other subjects at school.



People eat a lot of foods like corn, vegetables and beans. Meat is expensive.



A popular Kenyan dish is **ugali**. This is a dish made of corn starch which is served with stew.



These people belong to the Maasai tribe. They live very traditional lifestyles.



The Maasai have lots of customs and traditions, like the warrior jumping dance.



Most people in the countryside don't have cars, computers or TVs. Some don't have electricity.



Both traditional and modern Kenyans love wearing colourful clothes and jewellery.



Kenyans like singing and dancing to lively music. They like playing lots of drums.



This is the Kenyan flag. Kenya has a president who runs the country.

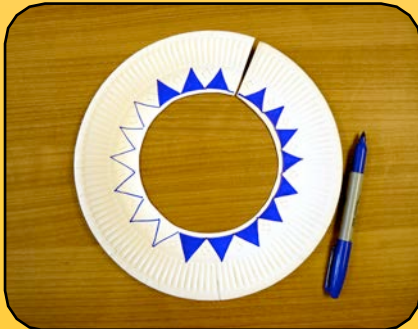
How to make an African paper plate necklace.

You will need:

A paper plate, scissors and felt tip pens or colouring pencils.

Step 1

Using a pair of scissors, snip into a paper plate and cut out the inside of the plate. This will leave you with an outside ring.



Step 2

Decorate your ring by creating bright patterns all the way round.

You now have an African paper plate necklace just like the tribal necklaces below.

